Phase Diagrams of NH₄I and NH₄Br by Raman Spectroscopyunder High Pressure

W. Gebhardt, T. Geisel, H.D. Hochheimer, E. Spanner
University of Regensburg
F.R.Germany

We report on the Raman spectra of the three CsCl-type phases of $\mathrm{NH_4Br}$ and $\mathrm{NH_4I}$ which differ in the orientations of the NH_{L} -tetrahedra. The two possible orientations are randomly occupied in phase II (Oh-symmetry). The tetrahedra are all oriented parallel to each other in phase IV (T $_{
m d}$ symmetry). In the tetragonal phase III neighbouring tetrahedra are parallel oriented along the tetragonal axis and antiparallel in the planes perpendicular to this axis (D4hsymmetry). The Raman spectra of the three phases differ drastically. In phase II all modes are more or less Raman active by disorder. The $\mathrm{D}_{4\mathrm{h}}\text{-symmetry}$ of phase III bisects the B.Z. Only M-point modes and the libration (\mathcal{V}_6) can be observed in this phase. In the $\mathbf{T}_{\mathbf{d}}\text{-symmetry}$ of phase IV the TO(17)-mode is strongly active but the intensity of the other bands is weak (LO(Γ) and TA(M)). The TA(M) band is due to the residual disorder. The libration $\mathcal{S}_{\mathcal{E}}$ bidden by symmetry but the second harmonic $2 \cdot \mathcal{V}_{6}$ is allowed. In the phase diagram for NH4I derived from these measurements the triple point is found at lower pressure than in the diagrams of Zlunitsyn¹⁾ and of Stevenson²⁾. JUN 18 1975